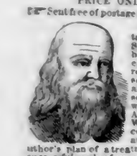
Medicinal.

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED 1850.
FOR THE CURE OF ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.
A MEDICAL REPORT,
NEW EDITION FOR 1861,
Containing Thirty Fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and Disease.
PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS.
Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union.



ON A NEW METHOD of treating Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Stricture, Gleet, Sexual Debility, Impotency, Female Diseases, and all affections of the reproductive system of both sexes, the infirmities of youth and maturity arising from the secret follies of both sexes; with a full treatise on SELF-ABUSE and SEMINAL WEAKNESS, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, pointing out the author's plan of a treatment, the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married, and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on the receipt of TEN CENTS.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this invaluable book.

Dr. ACTON confines his practice and his professional services in that "peculiar" department of disease, to which he devotes his undivided attention. Those wishing to consult him with regard to *Syphilitic Disease, Gonorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Female Complaints*, and all of the various ailments of the generative organs upon which his work treats, and for the cure of which his skill has so united him the highest reputation, will find him at the Dispensary from 9 to 1, mornings; 3 to 8, afternoons, and 7 to 8, evenings.

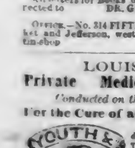
ADVICE AT A DISTANCE, who find it inconvenient to visit the city, may open a correspondence with the doctor, and, for a reasonable fee, have medicines with complete instructions for private self-treatment sent under seal to any address. Our transactions will be strictly *confidential*, and our large experience in this "speciality" enables us to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken.

FEMALES desiring a certain remedy for *irregularity, and suppression of the menses*, as well as a safe preservative of pregnancy, will find Dr. DEWEES'S FEMALE REGULATOR PILLS the only advertised remedy that will bring on the "monthlies" without injury to health. Price $1, and may be sent by mail.

All letters for Books or Medicines should be directed to DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,
Louisville, Ky.

OFFICE.—No. 314 FIFTH STREET, between Market and Jefferson, west side, next door to Hick ins shop. dec6 dàw

LOUISVILLE
Private Medical Dispensary,
Conducted on the European Plan,
For the Cure of all Private Diseases.



Those afflicted with any disease of a PRIVATE NATURE, who would escape the imposition of ignorant quacks, "should not fail to read DR. GATES' PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE ON SEXUAL DISEASES," a new and revised edition of one hundred pages, handsomely illustrated with plates and engravings representing the genital organs of both sexes in a state of health and disease. Treating on all private diseases incident to both sexes, such as general nervousness and sexual debility, enfeebled vitality, weakness, impotence, &c. Price by mail TEN CENTS.

YOUNG, MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN, who, by indulging in solitary habits or excessive indulgence of their passions, have produced seminal weakness, or a debility, the effects of their early sins, be restored to their former health and vigor by simple means, without the aid of poisonous drugs.

TO THE LADIES. Dr. GATES is agent for M. LA CHAUNE'S FRENCH PREVENTIVE POWDERS. By their use, those unfortunately in a state of health, but the number of their offsprings, can do so without danger to life or constitution. Price, by mail, $2 and two postage stamps.

Also, for MAD. CAPRAU'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS—A safe and effectual remedy for irregularities, Obstructions, &c. Price, by mail, $1 and one postage stamp.

CAUTION!—These Pills should not be taken during PREGNANCY, as they are sure to produce miscarriage.

To persons at a distance, who wish to be cured at home, we will, on the receipt of a brief statement of their case, send a full set of questions as we would ask on a personal interview, and on receipt of the list filled out, we will forward such medicines pertinentary ad optedie the case, free from damage or observation, to any part of the country, with full directions for use.

Consultation may be held from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. on Sunday from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. at his office, N. E. cor. corner of Third and Market streets. Private, entrance on Third street, Louisville, Ky.

☞ The above business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of DR. H. G. MILLER & CO., to whom all orders should be addressed. Dr. GATES can, as heretofore, be consulted personally, during business hours, on all diseases which his treatises embrace.

☞ Secrecy inviolable. Don't forget the name and address DR. H. G. MILLER & CO.,
and dàw Louisville Ky.

KNOW THYSELF.

DR. J. H. McCANN is enabled to detect to a certainty the true condition and locality of dis eases on a simple and scientific method, without asking the patient any questions. Some profess to do this, yet are careful to ask some leading questions in order to obtain a correct idea of the disease. We do neither of that kind and have invariably given entire satisfaction. Consultations and examinations

FREE OF CHARGE!

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs treated by a new method of medicated Inhalation and constitutional treatment. We offer new remedies entirely vegetable which has proved a great success in the following diseases, viz: Bronchitis, all Diseases of the Throat and Lung, Diseases of the Heart, of the Stomach, of the Liver, of the Kidneys, Dropsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Cancers, Scrofula, Chronic Ulcers, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Spasms, Fits, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, Seminal Weakness, Skin Diseases, Rupture, Diarrhœa, and, in short, all curable diseases. We are not a "cure-all" doctor, and will undertake no case without a fair prospect of recovery. ☞ No extra charge made in patien a for the application of Magnetic Electricity.

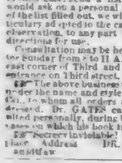
FEMALE DISEASES,

Females troubled with Suppressions, Irregularities, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, Falling of the Womb, Prolapsus of the Uterus, Tumors of any kind, Barrenness, and all Urinary Diseases, Painful or Difficult Menstruation, Nervous Debility, &c., will be speedily cured without the use of poisonous drugs, injurious or unpalatable medicines of any kind that is no delicacy in calling, no difference what your case may be. The most experienced female physician will be in attendance, if you prefer it. The afflicted are confidently invited to call and satisfy themselves. All communications strictly confidential. All letters addressed to our care, including a stamp, giving symptoms and nature of Disease, will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office on First street, fourth door above Market, Louisville, Ky. Office hours from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M.

Medicine sent to all parts of the United States. Address, J. H. McCANN, M. D.,
nl8 dàw tf Louisville, Ky.

AFFLICTED, READ!
WONDER OF THE WORLD
FIFTEEN YEARS SUCCESS
In Curing Private Diseases!
DR. HALL



CONTINUES to cure (when all others fail) every form of Secret Disease in an Incredibly short time. By a long course of study and practical experience of very limited extent, Dr. Hall has now established a reputation of unparalleled success in curing all the various ailments of the generative organs upon which his work treats, and for the cure of which his skill has so united him the highest reputation, will find him at the Dispensary from 9 to 1, mornings; 3 to 8, afternoons, and 7 to 8, evenings.

DISEASES OF LONG STANDING, which have resisted the skill of every other physician, and which have been pronounced incurable, are those in which Dr. Hall takes the greatest pride in curing, and in which he has acquired the most unbounded success.

Those who have been salivated by Mercury, Rheumatism, Pains and Plutress, Abscesses, Ulcers, Eruptions, Blotches on the Face, Blood Diseases, Scrofula, Old Sores, Tumors, Diseases of the Bones, Dizziness, Vertigo

Business Notices.

DRAWINGS OF THE
Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky.
R. FRANCK, CONTRACTOR AND MANAGER.
CLASS 602. December 18th, 1860:
35 20 62 53 -6 46 -8 32 66 10 09 64 85
CLASS 603. December 18th, 1860:
13 29 -5 64 35 75 43 87 22 58 71 26 54
A. D. ELLIS Agent.
No. 244 Main street, (old No. 240)
Louisville, Ky.

WOOLF'S FORTUNE'S HOME. — Fifth street, between Main and Market—near Main —where can be had tickets, shares, and managers' certificates, in the popular Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky. City and country purchasers take due notice of the same. All communication by mail, handed, or other wise, will receive prompt attention. Address G. J. MOORE, Louisville. jan2 dly Apr15 tf

MONEY LOANED.—Ladies or gentlemen requiring loans of any amount on Diamonds, Plate, etc., can be accommodated by applying at the Exchange office, 456 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side, five doors above Fourth. Tickets in the Shelby College and Hannaplan Lotteries for sale, or for wanted to any address. Prizes cashed. Office private. Business prompt, honorable, and strictly confidential. A. BLAND. sep20 dtf

MONEY LOANED.—Ladies and gentlemen requiring loans of any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, &c., can be accommodated at the Exchange Office, No. 88 Third street, between Market and Jefferson.
☞ Business prompt, honorable, and strictly confidential. JULIUS MENDEL. jan2 dly

REDUCTION IN FANCY DRESS GOODS.—Martin & Crumbaugh, 391 Fourth street, will offer from this date until the receipt of their spring importations, their entire stock of fancy dress goods at a large reduction on early prices, comprising Rich Fancy Brocs Silks, Brocade and Embroidered Poplins, real Irish Poplins, Rich Printed DeLaines and Merinoes, Rept Merinoes, Plain French and Satin Face Merinoes, Long and Square Shawls in great variety, Plain and Embroidered Velvet Mantles, together with many other descriptions of goods. They are just in receipt of a large stock of the choicest brands of Bleached Sheetings, Irish Linens, Shirt Fronts, Bleached and Brown Flannels, Bed Blankets, and Brown Sheetings, Super Bed, Crib, and Cradle Blankets; Welch, Saxony Batherdvale, and Shaker Flannels, which they are selling at their usual low prices. dec1

NEW GOODS.—Guthrie & Brothers are receiving their second importation of Dry Goods, bought since the decline, which enables them to sell at prices much lower than usual rates. Rept Valours in all colors, French and Irish Poplins—all grades—new prints, Merinoes, Black Poplins and Mourning Goods, Evening Silks, Hosiery, &c.
This is a rare chance for choice goods at very low prices. nov5

MCLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL.—This invaluable compound, we are glad to know, has become the most popular remedy in the United States. Nearly every family keeps it on hand. They find it saves physicians' bills. A small quantity given in season will ward off fevers, or any prevalent disease. See the ad vertisement in another column. dec5 dim

TO THE LADIES!
LATE ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS
BY EXPRESS THIS MORNING.
G. B. TABB, corner Fourth and Market sts., received this morning—
FANCY DRESS SILKS, MATERIALS,
IRISH POPLINS, EVENING SILKS;
BROCADE OTTAMANS, REPT MERINOS;
RICH VELVET CLOAKS;
SILK AND CLOTH CLOAKS;
Embracing a variety of new and popular styles. For bargains and the best styles, call early.
G. B. TABB,
Corner of Fourth and Market streets.
n1 dtf

FURNITURE.—Whatton & Bennett keep always on hand a very large assortment of cabinet furniture of every description at wholesale and retail, cheap for cash. Their motto is quick sales and small profits. Recollect the Nos. 502 and 504, Market street, between Second and Third.

DAILY COURIER

LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.....DEC. 19.

Public Sentiment in the Free States.

The election of LINCOLN and mere possession of the Government is not regarded as a final triumph by the Black Republicans

This would probably satisfy the politicians; but the politicians are not the people; and in the North, as in the South, the people, and not the politicians, are responsible for the political occurrences of the last few months.

The politicians of the North, not being fanatics, would, we believe, be satisfied with the offices; but to retain these, they must continue to cater to the anti-slavery sentiment of the people; and that will grow and become stronger and more impracticable and exacting year by year in the future, as it has in the past.

The Northern people have been educated to believe that slavery is a sin before God, a foul blot on the escutcheon of the country—a national and a legal and indelible disgrace; and as citizens of the country in which it exists, they feel, to some extent, individually responsible for its continuance; and despite constitutional restrictions and legal barriers they will strike at its extinction. Their fathers or grandfathers were slaveholders or citizens of slaveholding States; and though slavery has been abolished in the States now free, the last generation of men in them were not so generally hostile to the institution, because they knew by experience or tradition something of the workings of the system. The present generation in those States know nothing of slavery. The mass of them never saw a negro slave, and have never met with those who have seen them. Their knowledge of slavery is derived exclusively through such readings as Uncle Tom's Cabin and books of similar character, and the lectures, and sermons, and speeches of men who act as though they deem it a sacred duty to misrepresent Southern society, and mislead and misinform the Northern mind.

The people of the North are fired in their hostility to slavery and slave owners and slave States; and the politicians of those States could not change that sentiment if they would. LINCOLN was elected by the people of the North because he represented an idea which is become a part of themselves, and should he fail to live up to that idea, they will raise up to fill his place four years hence some one who will not bend nor swerve from it one hair's breadth, though a nation's existence and the happiness of millions were the price of carrying it out. The members of Congress and of State Legislatures and incumbents of other offices in the North were elected to oppose and war on slavery in their respective spheres; and should they, or any of them, cower before the storm that is raised and the prospects ahead, it will cost them their political lives, and they know it.

Hence we expect to see no concessions made to the just demands of the South at this time. The constituencies of those in the North who have it in their power to do something, will not permit them to do justice, for nothing more is asked. The merchants and traders of Philadelphia, and New York, and Cincinnati, may hold out the olive branch; but the voters, the thousands who rolled up the immense majorities for LINCOLN in Pennsylvania, and New York, and Ohio, have not changed their sentiments since the election—they yet believe that slavery is wrong, that it ought to be exterminated, and that it is the sacred mission of the Black Republican party to rid the country of this evil; and the WADES, and the CAMERONS, and the KINGS, who represent these States in the United States Senate, know this fact, and to maintain their hold in the people's hearts, and keep their places, they fulminate their anathemas against the South and tell us there can be no compromise.

☞ Hon. BENJAMIN F. WADE, United States Senator from Ohio, made an elaborate speech in the Senate on Monday. Mr. WADE is an able and influential member of his party. His name was prominently pressed for the Chicago nomination. His speech was the result of serious reflection and frequent consultations with the leaders of his party. It may be fairly regarded as expressive of the sentiments of a majority of the Black Republican Senators. He met the issues boldly and defiantly, and announced with great distinctness, that "*the day of compromise is at an end*"—"*it is absolutely ridiculous to talk about them.*" In short, as far as we can judge from the telegraphic report, the tone of his speech is, "submission or war!" and it was applauded and is approved by his party friends in the Senate and elsewhere.

[For the Louisville Courier.]
The Right of Secession.

Editors Louisville Courier: As the right of secession is a question presented to the minds of the American people for the first time in a practical form, demanding their decision, and as I am firmly of the opinion that it would be to the interest of the people of every State to have it established beyond the possibility of a doubt, I avail myself of the invitation you have so generously extended to the public to discuss it through the columns of your excellent paper, to lay before your readers and the public my views in regard to it, hoping that, though unworthy of a question of so much practical importance, they may contribute some little towards its settlement.

After much study and calm reflection, with all the assistance I could derive from the writings of those who have devoted their whole lives to the study of government, we have come to the conclusion that a State has a perfect right to secede whenever she thinks it necessary for her peace, prosperity, and happiness. We believe that connected with this question are the dearest and most important rights of man. We believe that to establish a contrary principle would be to establish a principle fraught with consequences inimical to civilization, and at which the most hardened wretch might well stand aghast. We believe that if every man in America understood thoroughly the principles the right of secession involves, and their bearings upon society, our prosperity, our greatness, and our happiness as a nation would be increased to an incalculable extent, and those causes which create jealousies, heartburnings, and divisions amongst us would be almost wholly destroyed, and we would be left with "a union of hearts and a union of hands," as well as "a union of lakes and a union of lands."

Perhaps a majority of the people of each Northern State do not (owing to their never having studied the question) believe in the right of secession, and to this fact, as we have hinted, are to be ascribed most of the evils that afflict the body politic. If the prosperity and happiness of the free States depend upon the prosperity and happiness of the slave States, it is their interest to cultivate our favor and strengthen the ties that bind us together; and if the people of the free States knew that we had a right to secede, they would do nothing to alienate our love, retard our prosperity, and sever the ties of friendship, gratitude, and interest that make us one great nation. But owing to their belief that these States are irrevocably bound together, for weal or for woe, they avail themselves of their numerical strength to better their condition at our expense. They think that we cannot of a right go out of the Union, and they also think that we think so too, and that we will not go out for fear of being whipped and forced back again, and deprived of our equality. If they can receive the blessings which result from a union with us, without being under the necessity of remunerating us, they certainly will do so.

The people of the North, it is obvious, do not want the South to secede, because such a thing would almost bankrupt them; and if they knew we had a right to secede, and would secede if mistreated by them, they would not insult us, wound our feelings, stop our progress, and drive us out of the Union. They doubtless fear secession on our part, but owing to their believing we have no right to do such a thing, under any circumstances, and to their right to force us back again if we did secede, their fears are insufficient to induce them to respect our right, and treat us as equals, whose friendship and love were worth courting and whose enmity was to be feared.

We know that a conviction of what is right will not always prevent a man from doing what is wrong; but, as a general thing, it will. There are a few individuals who will act contrary to their convictions of what is right and wrong, but the great mass of mankind will not. A majority must rule, and consequently, if a majority of the people of each State believed in the right of secession, there would be no attempt made, in the event of a State seceding, to force it back into the Union.—Thus, we see the people of the North would not, so long as we are of service to them, mistreat us, if the right of secession was a settled question. If they held and understood the principle of secession, they would, when obedience to the Constitution interfered with thier consciences and honor, tell us so, and on what conditions they would remain with us. If to alter the Constitution to suit them would injure us less than to let them secede, we would do so.

The argument that, if we establish the right of secession, we weaken the bonds of the Union, because, if a State has a right to secede, it will secede, is unworthy of a schoolboy, whose object is to confound and outargue his opponent, much less a statesman, whose object is to elicit truth, on which the happiness of millions depends. It does not follow as a consequence that a State will secede, because it has a perfect right to do so. Previously to the formation of the Union, the States were separate and free to act as they pleased; and, if they would separate because they have a right to do so, the Union never would have been formed. The truth is, the Union is preserved, not because we cannot consistently, with the principles of right, dissolve it, but simply, because it is best for us that it should be preserved.

If the people of the different States have a common object in view, and if they are dependant upon each other for many of their cherish blessings, and mutually benefit each other, they will stay together, and help, love, and defend each other. I care not how perfect their right to separate may be, and how easy a separation could be effected. We have just as much right to say husband and wife live together because they have no right to separate, as we have to say that these States stay together because they have no right to separate; or, as we have to say that husband and wife would separate if they had a right to do so, as we have to say these States would separate, if they possessed the right. When husband and wife mutually assist and love, and are proud of each other, and find in each other's company inexaustible sources of pleasure, nothing in the world could induce them to separate; and to their living together of a choice, lovingly, and promoting each others happiness, the union owes its *glory*. When husband and wife are kept together merely by the force of public opinion, when they hate each other, and are sources of misery to each other, and when they want to separate, we pronounce the union scandalous. It is the same with the Union of the States. It owes its *glory* to the same causes. If it promotes the general welfare of each State, if the people of each State love the people of each other State, and are mutually dependant and reciprocally defend and assist each other—if the States stay in it willingly and of a choice, and not because they cannot secede, why then it is, indeed, a *glorious Union*. And on the contrary, if these are not the bonds of the Union, if fear alone preserves it, why then its glory has departed, and this talk about the "Union ought to be preserved" on account of its "*glory*" is mere nonsense.

Now that we have proved that we have much to hope and nothing to fear from the establishment of the principle of secession, let us give it a thorough and impartial investigation, to see whether it is founded in truth and justice.

To us, the fact that it would be productive of good and destructive of evil, is conclusive proof that it has truth and justice for its foundation. The only test we have of the correctness of any principle, is its fruits or utility. If the practical results of a principle are permanent good to society, it *cannot* be *false*, and if its practical results are evil, it *cannot* be *true*.

Some go so far as to say that the Union is irrevocable, that its bonds can, according to the rules prescribed in the Constitution, be altered, improved, and amended, but not destroyed. In order to maintain this position, we would have to deny the right of the people to dissolve the Union, even if every man, woman, and child in every State desired such a thing. Now to say that all the people of a nation cannot, and have not the right to do what they want to do, and what is essential to their happiness, is foolish and absurd in the extreme. It is quite plain from this that the Union is not irrevocable; and if it is not irrevocable, three-fourths can dissolve it whether the minority desire such a thing or not. If two-thirds of the States can, and have a right to dissolve the Union, they can and have a right to expel a State for the same reasons; because, for twenty-five States to go out of the Union with the Constitution, is equivalent to an expulsion of eight States that they left; and if two-thirds of the States have a right, and can expel a State, a State has a right to secede, because the right and power to expel a member implies a right and power on the part of a member to withdraw.

Those who contend that the Union is irrevocable, and most bitterly oppose the right of secession, admit the right to revolution is inherent in the people of each State, and in doing so they admit the right of secession; because if a State has a right to go out of the Union by revolution, no power on earth has a right to prevent, or force it back. If we say that a man has a right to do a thing, and that another has a right to prevent him, if he can, we assert two propositions which are inconsistent with each other, and of course both cannot be true, because all truth is consistent. So we see that those who deny the right of secession under all circumstances, must deny the right of revolution also.

The plea that those who made the Union did not intend that is should ever be dissolved, because they did not provide for such a contingency, does not militate in the least against the right of secession. Suppose that, instead of pretermitting all notice of this question, the framers of the Constitution had put in it a clause to the effect that no State, at any time, and for any cause, after entering the Union, shall go out again, either with or without the consent of the other States, of what consequence would the fact be as an argument against the right of secession? They had no right to do such a thing, and if they had done it, we would not be bound by it. The framers of the Constitution had no right to make a Union for us of whom they knew nothing, and whose circumstances they could not even conjecture. Each generation must be left free to make Unions and legislate for itself, because each generation knows best its own wants, and what will promote its welfare.—It is for the living that Unions and laws are made, and not for the dead; and, consequently, the latter should have no say in the matter. "The dead can leave us as much *advice* as they please, but they cannot leave us *commands*." "In every year, and every day of that year, living men have a right to make their own laws and manage their own affairs; to break through the tyranny of ante-spirants—the people who breathed before them—and to do what they please for themselves." The circumstances of the world and of nations are constantly varying, and the people are forced of a necessity to change their laws to suit their circumstances. What is expedient at one time is inexpedient at another; and that which is wise and wholesome law at one time, is foolish and prejudicial at another. As the world grows older, the experience of the people is multiplied, their knowledge of human nature increased, and their laws, as a matter of course, are better calculated to effect the objects contemplated.

The people of South Carolina, in 1790, had a right for the purpose of bettering their condition to enter the Union and become a part of the United States; but they did not have any right to say the people of South Carolina, in all time to come, and under all circumstances, shall stay in the Union; for they knew nothing of the future circumstances of South Carolina and of her sister States. When the people of South Carolina ratified the Constitution, they acted as their circumstances dictated, but if they could have lifted the veil from the future, and seen the troubles in which it would involve their prosperity, they never would have entered it, and what right have the people of one generation to bind the people of the following generation to do that which they themselves would not do if they knew the circumstances?

No one will question the right of the people of South Carolina, in 1790, to enter the Union if they deemed it essential to their peace, wealth, prosperity and happiness. If the people of South Carolina of this day have not a right to go out of the Union, for the same reasons they have less rights than their ancestors, which is not so, because the rights of the people never decrease. The people of each State and of all times have a right to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness;" and the acts of those ancestors do not impair this right in the least. It may be said, as it has been said, that the people of South Carolina in 1790 were independent, and free to act as they pleased, and as their interest dictated, and that on entering the Union they surrendered their independence and freedom, and that, consequently, the people of South Carolina of the present day have not the independence and rights their ancestors had before the State became part of the Union. But this would involve the absurdity already noticed, that the people of a State have less right at one time than another, and that one generation has the right to say what right shall be enjoyed by the succeeding one.

Some men, in arguing against the right of secession, compare the Union to a contract made between three or more individuals. They say that if a number of persons bind themselves in writing to perform certain acts, one has no right to fly from or break the agreement unless all parties are willing, which is true; but this does not make the two cases parallel, and unless they are parallel, we cannot prove anything against one by the other. In order for the two cases to be parallel, a contract made between three or more persons would have to be binding on their children, which everybody knows is not so. Those who made the Union were bound by it, and had no right to dissolve it without the consent of all parties; but after their death their children could dissolve it, whether all parties were willing or not, for the simple reason they did not make it.

It is said that a majority of the people of a nation have a right to rule under all circumstances; and this is a point on which we wish to make a few explanatory remarks. Many absurd and injudicious laws to one part of a nation have been defended on this ground. We say, too, a majority have a right to rule, but not under all circumstances. When the majority and minority are locally and geographically intermixed, the former ought to rule and have their way; but when the two are locally and geographically sundered, we deny them this right. For instance, if a majority of the people of each State want to pass a law, they have a right to pass it, in spite of the remonstrances of the minority; but if all the people of all the Northern States want to pass a law, because it would add immensely to their wealth and happiness, and if all the people of all the Southern States were opposed to it because it would drain them of their wealth and retard their prosperity, the former would have no right to pass it, and compel the latter to obey it.

PROGRESS.

☞ We didn't intend to misrepresent the Journal. We don't want at any time to misrepresent it. Should we do so, through any misapprehension of its position, on our part, or for any other reason, we will promptly make the *amende*. It says our statement that it "does not *demand* of the North any retracement of the course they have pursued," is, not only a "misrepresentation," but "an unpardonable" one. It may be right. It is barely possible we were mistaken. But, much as we respect it, we can't take its word for it this time. We have read in its columns, day after day, its denunciations of South Carolina and the Cotton States, of "fire eaters," "secessionists," and "disunionists," we have witnessed its repeated assaults on others who are now "demanding" efficient guarantees for the protection of their rights; hnt, though we have heard it expostulate in tones of great tenderness with the violators of the Constitution and the enemies of a constitutional Union in the North, we are entirely innocent of any knowledge of its having "demanded" of the North a "retracement" of that course, which, marked by want of comity, and faith, perfidy, and perjury, has driven the South into the position they now occupy, and which they can abandon only by leaving behind them their self respect, the respect of mankind, their peace, safety, happiness, and honor.

BOARDING.

GOOD BOARDING can be obtained by applying on Fifth street, between Grayson and Walnut. No. 66, for families or single gentlemen.
d17 dtf J. B. GRAY.

Miscellaneous.

WATERS & FOX
WHITE LEAD & LINSEED OIL
MANUFACTURERS
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE ARE MANUFACTURING, and offer to the trade and large consumers, at our factory on Main street, between Ninth and Tenth, WHITE LEAD and LINSEED OIL, both warranted strictly pure and of superior quality. We are also manufacturing the different grades of cheap White Lead and Zinc Paints. We keep on hand at all times, Putty and Boiled Linseed Oil of our own manufacture also Red Lead, White and Yellow Ochre, Red Lead, Colors in Oil, &c., all of which we offer low and on accommodating terms. d18 dawdm

TO CITY AND RAILROAD TAX PAYERS OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE, KY.

THIS is to give you all fair warning, that if your taxes are not paid by the 1st of January, 1861, you may expect your property to be advertised and sold for the taxes now due.
THOMAS T. SUMMERS, C. T. C.
G. T. MAY, D. R. T. C.
Louisville, December 4th, 1860.
☞ Office, Southwest corner of Sixth and Jefferson streets. Office hours, from 10 o'clock each morning. Mondays and Saturdays, till 12 o'clock. d5 dtm0

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
AT COST
For Cash!

HAVING on hand a much larger amount of Goods than usual for this season, I will sell my entire stock

AT COST FOR CASH!

My assortment is very good, consisting of EMBROIDERIES AND LACES of every de cription. A very large stock of Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs and Veils, White Goods,

MOURNING GOODS!

French and Rept Merinoes, Bombazines, Lustres, DeLaines, Cashlics, Black Silks, &c., &c.
☞ NO GOODS CHARGED AT COST.
J. T. THORNTON,
d19 dtf 315 Fourth street.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
IN
Boots and Shoes.

HAVING A VERY LARGE STOCK WHICH THEY WISH TO REDUCE,

OWEN & WOOD

Have determined to offer their assortment of BOOTS and SHOES

Regardless of Cost!

AND MANY ARTICLES THEY WILL SELL AT

LESS THAN COST!

Our stock is very large and well selected, which we are determined to close out. Hundreds of every article in the Shoe and Boot line for Ladies', Misses' and Children's, Men's, Boys' and Youths' wear. Now is the time to supply yourselves at

YOUR OWN PRICE,

FOR CASH ONLY!

As I will be for a short time only, it will be to your interest to

CALL SOON.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE—

OWEN & WOOD,

d11 dtjal Market street, one door above Third.

NEW TIME TABLE.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.

For St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit
AND ALL POINTS WEST AND NORTHWEST.
THE
GREAT WEST AND NORTHWESTERN SHORT LINE ROUTE.
1860. Winter Arrangment. 1861.

TWO DAILY TRAINS TO ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, AND CHICAGO.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, December 19th, 1860, Passenger Trains will leave New Albany (opposite Louisville) as follows:

St. Louis and Chicago Express (daily except Sundays), at 10:15 A. M.
Through Accommodation (daily except Saturdays), at 5:15 P. M.
St. Louis and Cairo Night Express (daily), at 10:15 P. M.
Two Trains daily (except Sundays) for St. Louis, at 10:15 A. M and 10:15 P. M., via O. and M. R. R.
Two Trains daily (except Sundays) for Chicago, at 10:15 A. M. and 10:15 P. M., via Indianapolis and C. R. I. and P. R. R.
Two Trains daily (except Sundays) for Detroit, at 10:15 A. M. and 10:15 P. M., via O. and M. R. R.
Two Trains daily (except Sundays) for Cincinnati, at 10:15 A. M. and 10:15 P. M.
Two Trains daily (except Sundays) for Jeffersonville, Indianapolis, Lafayette, Terre Haute, Peoria, Burlington, Iowa City, and all points West, North and Northwest.
☞ The Train on Sundays to all the above cities.
Only one change of Cars to St. Louis, Cincinnati, or Chicago.

TIME—To St. Louis, 13½ hours; to Jefferson City, 21 hours; to Indianapolis, 7 hours; Cairo, 15 hours; Memphis, 28 hours; New Orleans, 49 hours.
☞ Trains leave St. Louis at 6:40 A. M. and 4:15 P. M., connecting closely at MITCHELL with Train South, arriving in Louisville at 7:30 A. M. and 8:20 P. M.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH, AND ALL TRANSFERS FREE.

All Trains connect closely with all Passenger Trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, and sell Tickets thereby for Cairo, Memphis, &c. If cars are delayed, thereby insuring to passengers reliable connection at Mitchell, to or from St. Louis or Cincinnati.
☞ Passengers and Baggage taken to and from any part of the city, free of charge for hack hire.
Both Through Trains connect closely at Greencastle with the Terre Haute and Richmond Railroad, for all Eastern and Southern points, and for Lafayette with the Toledo and Western Railroad; at Crossing with the Michigan Southern Railroad for Toledo and intermediate stations. Also at Michigan City with the Michigan Central Railroad for Chicago, and all points West and Northwest; also for Detroit and all points East.
☞ THROUGH TICKETS and further information can be obtained at their office, southwest corner of Main and Third streets, or at the depot, attended by A. B. MOUSFIELD, LOUISVILLE, KY.
☞ Trains run by Louisville Time.
S. S. PARKER, Agent, New Albany.
R. E. BICKEL, Supt.
New Albany, Dec. 18, 1860. d18 dtl

RICHARDSON'S IRISH LINENS,
DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.

CONSUMERS of Richardson's Linens, and those desirous of obtaining the genuine goods should see th t the articles they purchase are so stamped in the full name of the firm.
J. N. Richardson, Sons & Owden,
As a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.
This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared, season after season, and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, to the great injury, regardless of the injury thus inflicted on the American consumer and the unmerited returns of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.
J. Bullocke & J. B. Locke,
a10 dly Agents, 34 Beade street, New York.

REMOVAL.

THE Office and Sales-room of the LOUISVILLE WOOLEN MILLS is removed to Main street, four doors above Bank of Kentucky.
d17 d3 L. RICHARDSON.

FISH—
100 bbls Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;
87 ½ bbls Nos. 1, 2 and 3 do;
10 kits No. 1 Mess do;
200 kits Nos. 1, 2 and 3 do;
2½ kits Salmon;
7 bbls do;
10 drums Codfish.
4 cases do;
14 boxes do;
In store and for sale by
GARDNER & CO
d17

BROOMS—BROOMS—500 dozen Brooms of various qualities just received and for sale at reduced prices by
O'RIEN RAWSON, 358 Main street,
d18 between Third and Fourth.

Jeans and Linsey.

BROWN, blue, gray, and white JEANS AND LINSEY, of superior quality, in store, and for sale very low by C. RICHARDSON, Main st.,
d17 dtf four doors above Bank of Kentucky.

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE!

WE take this occasion to say to our friends and the public that in view of the tightness of the money market, we shall, from and after this date, offer our entire stock of
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &c.,
At greatly reduced prices for
CASH ONLY!
Our assortment at this time is the largest and most varied in the city, and we will guarantee to sell our goods *lower than any other house in the West.* Call at once and examine
MERWIN & GALP'S,
No. 333 West Market street,
between Third and Fourth, south side.
Sign of the American Flag.
d18
☞ Our assortment of SERVANTS' SHOES is particularly worthy of attention.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

A LARGE and well assorted stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES at
JOS. FRANK'S,
Boot and Shoe Store, No. 309 Market street,
First Shoe store below Third,
d1 dtJan4 Louisville, Ky.

MINCED MEAT—I have always on hand a very superior article of Minced Meat, also new Layer Raisins in whole, half, and quarter boxes; Sultanas and Currants; Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel, &c.; Figs, Spices, Extracts of all kinds; Cooking Brandies and Wines of the best brands and qualities, fresh ground Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour in 12, 25 and 50 lb sacks, also choice Cranberries by the barrel and gallon; Dried Apples, and new peeled and unpeeled Peaches; New York Cream Cheese at wholesale and retail; fresh Smoked Breakfast Shad and fresh Oysters received daily at
A. FONDA'S Wholesale and Retail Store,
d17 805 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

FISH—10 cases Codfish just received and for sale by
d18 GARDNER & CO

SUGAR—50 hhds prime Sugar landing from the steamer Diana and for sale by
d14 COOD & MOODY.

SUGAR—
20 hhds prime new Sugar;
25 bbls Crushed and Powdered Sugar;
20 bbls Loaf Sugar.
In store and for sale by
d17 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

Holiday Presents.

CHRISTMAS SUPPLIES
AT
J. T. LANHAM & CO.'S,
315 THIRD STREET.

CALL and examine our stock of choice Raisins, Currants, Citron, Candied Orange Peel, Figs, Prunes, Almonds, Pecans, French Fruits in Syrup, Shaker Preserves, fresh Peaches, Green Gages, Strawberries, Cherries, Green Peas, Green Corn, Asparagus, fresh Tomatoes, Sardines, Anchovies, Pickles, Catchups, Table Sauces; American, English and French Mustards Ground and Whole Spices, Smoked, Pickled and fresh Fish, in cans,

LIQUORS,
OUR OWN IMPORTATION!

French Brandies, Scotch Whisky, Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Port and Sherry Wine; also, a supply of pure Hudson Whisky and Still Calawba Wine. We are Sole Agents in this city for the Duc de Montebello Champagne.

TEAS!

A fresh assortment of choice Black and Green Teas, selected from late importations, just received. All desirous of obtaining choice Teas can find the above line, are invited to call early.
J. T. LANHAM & CO.
d19 d8 Importers of Teas, &c., 315 Third st.

AMERICAN, RUSSIAN AND HUDSON BAY FUR COMPANY'S
Furs at Auction Prices.

Smooth Russian Sable Peleerines, Maolillas and Cloaks;
Hudson Bay Sable Peleerines, Mantillas and Cloaks,
Canada Sable Whole, Quarter and Half Capes,
Stone Marten Victorines, Capes, Mantillas, and Cardinals,
Siberian Squirrel Victorines, Capes, Mantillas,
French Sable Victorines, Whole, Half and Quarter Capes and Cloaks,
Fitch Victorines, Mantillas and Victorines.
Black Lynx do do do.
Royal Ermine Peleerines and Capes,
Swan's Down do do do.
And a large stock of Misses' and Children's Furs in every variety.
Sable, Mink, Stone Martin and Fitch Muffs
Ladies and Gents' Fur Gloves and Mufflers,
Buffalo and Wolf Sleigh and Carriage Robes.
Besides selling this immense stock of Furs at *cash for cash* prices, we will guarantee them to be all *perfect*, and guarantee *a month* in each and every set sold.
ALEX. CRAIG,
d19 Corner Fourth and Main.

Perfumeries!
TOILET ARTICLES!
FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
AT
PFINGST & BRO.'S,
Druggists and Apothecaries,
Northside Market st., bet. Tenth and Eleventh.
d19

Fancy and Staple
DRY GOODS
FOR
HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
AT
NEW YORK STORE,
NO. 317 FOURTH STREET,
Louisville, Ky.

We have on hand the most complete assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE
GOODS

Ever offered in this city, which we will sell at lower prices than has ever been offered, many articles at much less than the original cost. Persons wishing to make HOLIDAY PRESENTS will find Goods to suit the tastes, and prices suited to the times.

Our stock of Silks, Merinoes, DeLaines, Cashmeres, Wool Plaids, Printed French and English Merinoes, Hosiery, Gloves of all kinds, Fancy Goods, Ladies and Children, Embroideries, Collars, White Goods, Linen Handkerchiefs of all kinds, Scarfs, Belts, Ribbons, Broche Shawls, Cloaks, Wool Shawls, and Hoods. Also, a first-rate assortment of HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, and every article kept in FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS HOUSES.

We shall offer also 10 cases NEW PRINTS, the most beautiful and fast colors, from 6¼ to 10 cents per yard.

Our Stock, in price and style, defy all competition, many of the Goods having been recently purchased in the East at less than half the original cost.

S. BARKER & CO.

N. B.—Our Store will be kept open nights, commencing WEDNESDAY, for the accommodation of our customers, until after the Holidays. d20 dtf

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS AT COST—Call soon and select cheap Presents, to-wit:—
Papier Mache Tables:
Papier Mache Tables;
Papier Mache Boxes;
Papier Mache Stands;
Papier Mache Odor Boxes;
Papier Mache Glove Boxes;
Papier Mache Card Cases;
Silver Card Cases;
Silver Port-Monaies;
Pearl Card Cases;
Silk Purses;
Port-Monaies;
Gold-head Canes;
Pearl-head Canes;
Ivory-head Canes;
Amber-head Canes; at
A. D. MANSFIELD'S.
d17

TOYS FOR CHRISTMAS AT WHOLESALE—The subscriber is closing out the balance of his stock of Toys at very low prices. Call and see.
A. ROHIE, Wholesale Confectioner,
Fruiterer &c., No. 80 Third street, west side,
d17 Third street, above Main.

FIRE WORKS—Of all descriptions, for sale at the lowest prices. Purchasers will do well to see for themselves.
A. ROHIE, Confectioner, &c.,
d15 Third street, above Main, west side.

CHRISTMAS MIXTURE CANDIES—Of the very best in the city at the price, for sale by
A. ROHIE, Confectioner,
d15 Third street, above Main, west side.

PREPARING FOR CHRISTMAS.

A FRESH supply of the finest cultivated Northern fruit received at the YORK STATE APPLE STORE, No. 101 Main street, between First and Brook. d14 dtf

Methodist Book Rooms,
NO. 223 THIRD STREET.
HOLIDAY PRESENTS—
Family Bibles;
Pocket Bibles;
Plum Books;
Juveniles, handsomely Illustrated,
Gilt Books,
Port-Folios,
Albums;
Writing Desks;
Just received by [d15] A. H. REDFORD.

NEW MUSIC
CHRISTMAS GIFTS—
Bound volumes of new Music;
Sheet Music;
All of the late Operas handsomely bound at low prices, by
D. P. FAULDS & CO., 221 Main street,
d17 between Second and Third.

GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANOS
The finest assortment of Pianos ever brought to this city, at exceedingly low prices, by
D. P. FAULDS & CO., 221 Main street,
d17 between Second and Third.

CHEAP MELODEONS—At prices from $45 to $100 of the finest quality, by
D. P. FAULDS & CO., 221 Main street,
d17 between Second and Third.

NEW MUSIC
NEW MUSIC—All of the latest publications just received, also all of the Gems as sung by Miss Richings, by
D. P. FAULDS & CO., 221 Main street,
d17 between Second and Third.

HOLIDAY BOOKS
AT
F. A. CRUMP'S.

PAGES AND PICTURES, from the Writings of J. Fenimore Cooper; edited by Miss Fenimore Cooper. Price $12.
Loves and Heroines of the Poets. Price $12.
Women of the South distinguished in Literature; Illustrated with portraits on steel. Price $9.
Poreal Hymns; by Wm. Cullin Bryant. Price $6.
Byron Gallery, Byron Beauties, Ideal Pictures. Price $10.
Folk Songs; selected and edited by John William Sonthon Palmer. Price $10.
The Poets' Gallery of British Poets. Price $10.
Moral Emblems, Aphorisms, Adages, and Proverbs, of all Ages and Nations, done in Jacob Cats and Robert Farlie. Price $10.
Gallery of English and American Female Poets. Price $9.
The White Hills, their Legends, Landscape and Poetry. Price $5.00.
The above, together with a great many others equally as beautiful.
Also, a great variety of Juveniles, Bibles, Prayer Books, in various styles of bindings; Ladies' Writing Desks, Port-Folios, &c., &c., which we are offering at very low prices. Those in want of such articles would do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. F. A. CRUMP,
d17 84 Fourth street, near Market.

DOLLS,

DOLL HEADS AND BODIES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, AT
STEN'S VARIETIES.
d3 220 Fourth street.

NEW MUSIC!

"RAY OF LOVE"—Polka—Wills. Have. 25c.
"BELLE DE NUIT"—Varla tions—J. Ascher. 50c.
"SILVER BELLS"—Fantasie—A. Jungleson. 75c.
"SOUVENIRS OF KENTUCKY—Fantasie—Wm. Ingho. 75c.
"MELODIE LUISSE"—Fantasie—Wallace. 25c.
"FAIRY BELLE"—Song—S. C. Foster. 25c.

TRIPP & CRAGG,
n10daw 221 (109) Fourth street.

COFFEE—
100 bags Rio Coffee;
20 do Java do.
In store and for sale by
d18 CASTLEMAN, MURRELL & CO.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING!
Cheap for Cash.
J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.,
NO. 227 MAIN STREET,
Between Second and Third.
OFFER THEIR FINE STOCK OF
GENTLEMEN'S
CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
AS LOW
AS ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY!
Fine Overcoats
Very Low.
FINE BUSINESS COATS
Very Low.
SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR,
HALF HOSE,
TIES, GLOVES, CRAVATS,
For Sale Low at
J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.'S.
d6 dtf

AT COST!
$20,000 WORTH OF
WATCHES, JEWELRY,
Clocks, & Plated-Ware!

Owing to hard times and changement of business, we offer our entire stock of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, all kinds of JEWELRY, Imported and our own manufacture, at unparalleled low prices.
Please examine our goods and prices, and be convinced that we are selling at reduced rates.
HIRSCHBUHL & DOBINGER,
Manuf cturers of Jewelry,
South side of Main, one door above Third st.
d10 dtf

SU

Business Cards.

EPHRAIM CARTER.....JAMES BUCHANAN.

CARTER & BUCHANAN,

DEALERS IN

GARDEN AND GRASS SEEDS,

And Manufacturers of

Agricultural Implements.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ap14dawtf.

ABNER COOPER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Butter, Cheese and Produce,

146 FOURTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND RIVER.

n28-dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

F. WEIHE,

CAP MANUFACTURER,

No. 4 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, (opposite Court House,) LOUISVILLE, KY.

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of CAPS, HATS, &c., which he sells at Eastern prices.

☞ Military caps of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice. And at lowest prices.

sn10 d1y

A. V. DU PONT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

NEWS, BOOK, AND COLORED PAPERS,

ALSO WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PAPER OF ALL KINDS.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS AT THE OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE PAPER MILL, No. 447 MAIN STREET. 1y9

H. FERGUSON & SON,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

FLOUR DEALERS,

FIFTH ST., ONE DOOR NORTH OF MARKET.

BEST BRANDS of FAMILY FLOUR constantly on hand.

☞ Thankful for past favors, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. o2 d3m

JOHN SNYDER & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Flour & Commission Merchants,

306 Main street, between Third and Fourth.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

PARTICULAR attention given to the sale of Flour and Produce shipped to us.

au31 dtf

J. H. SCHRŒDER & SON,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,

BOURBON, RYE, SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKIES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, CARDS AND BAR STORES.

28 Wall street, Louisville, Ky.

se27 dtf

234 234

J. A. WHARTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CABINET FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS.

North side Market street, bet. Second and Third,

je8 AT THE OAK FRONT. d1y3m

B. B. CONNOR,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Potatoes, Onions and Produce,

No. 104 Third street, bet. Main and the River.

☞ Orders filled on the shortest notice at the cheapest market price. s12 d3m

V. B. GLORY, of Louisville, Ky. } ROBERT DARLING, of Carrollton, Ky.

A. W. PEAK, of Warren, Ohio.

N. S. GLORE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 29 Fourth st. (between Main and the River), Louisville, Ky.

☞ Hay, Grain, and all kinds of Produce, bought and sold on commission.

☞ Particular attention given to filling orders.

☞ Agents for the sale of Raw Whisky, Flour, &c.

1y2 [s5n dtf.]

HART & CLARK,

No. 118 Third street, between Main and Market,

Have on hand and for sale low—

50 bbls Copper-distilled Whisky, 2 years old:

50 do do do 3 do;

40 do do do 4 do;

5 do do do 5 do;

8 quarter casks Old Port Wine;

6 do do Port Juice;

4 do do Malaga Wine;

4 do do Sherry Wine;

10 casks Tennent's Scotch Ale;

1 puncheon old Irish Whisky, 4 years old;

do do old Scot do, 3 do.

se26 dtf

F. FABEL & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO F. FABEL,)

NO. 145 THIRD ST., BET. MAIN AND RIVER

MANUFACTURERS OF

LARD OIL, SOAPS,

Star and Tallow Candles, &c.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon this house, we hope to merit a continuance of the same, and pledge ourselves to meet all demands in our line with the purest articles.

my10 dtf

REMOVAL.

BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD,

GRAIN DEALERS,

HAVE removed to the new warehouse on the southwest corner of Main and First streets.

☞ We will pay the highest price for all kinds of Grain delivered at our Store, or at any good shipping point on the Ohio river.

BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD.

L. EISENMAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Dry Goods, &c., &c.,

Southeast corner Main and Campbell sts.

my27 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

SCHRODT & LAVAL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Alcohol, Cologne and Pure Spirit,

And Dealers in

Bourbon & Monongahela Whiskies,

West side Second street, between Main and Water

ap3 d&wtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

J. H. MONTGOMERY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 8 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth,

Is daily receiving a beautiful assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the newest styles, which I intend to make up to order and warrant to fit in the shortest notice, and will guarantee a fit to the most deformed.

☞ Remember J. H. Montgomery. o10dtf

WOLF & DURRINGER,

MANUFACTURERS OF JEWELRY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Watches, Clocks, Silver and Plated Ware,

Corner of Fifth and Market, Louisville, Ky.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE REMOVED TO THE commodious building, corner Fifth and Market streets, where they have opened a large and complete stock of Watches and Jewelry. This assortment comprises American, English, and Swiss Watches, and every article in the line of Jewelry, Silver and most elegant style and patterns; also, Clocks for the best manufacture, and Silver and Plated Ware.

We invite the attention of purchasers, and pledge ourselves to sell as low as can be bought in the East.

☞ Diamonds are set to order. Watches and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

☞ The highest price paid for Californea Gold.

ap dtf

JOHN FLECK,

Lard Oil and Mould Candle Manufacturer,

No. 7 Jefferson st., North side bet. Clay and Shelby.

And Third street, between Main and the River,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

FOR the convenience of my customers and the public in the middle and upper part of the city, I have, besides my factory on Jefferson street, opened a store on Third street, between Main and the river, where I hope to meet with a large patronage in my line.

JanJdtf

S. GALLAGHER, Late of Louisville, Ky. } T. W. DYER, (Late of Woodville, Miss

GALLAGHER & DYER,

COT ON FACTORS

AND COMMISSIO MERCHANTS,

NO. 23 CARONDELET STREET,

NEW O LEANS, LA.

N B.—Liberal cash advance made on consignments of Pork, Bacon, Lard, Bag g, Rope, Twine, Osnaburgs, Linsey, to the above, cope, by

SPARKE & GALLAGHER,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 207 Main street, between Second and Third sts.,

e14 dtw LOUISVILLE, KY.

B. J. PETERS..... W. J. WEBB..... P. H. BURKETT

PETERS, WEBB & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PIANO FORTES!

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS:

CORNER OF SIXTH AND MAIN STS., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Always on hand a complete stock of Piano Fortes, in every style of finish. Dealers, Teachers, and bands of Schools are invited to examine our instruments. They will find them equal in tone, finish and durability, to any made, and from 10 to 20 per cent cheaper. jan24 dtf

W. H. C. DRYDEN,

Commission Merchant

AND

FEED AND PRODUCE DEALERS,

No. 38 Third street, bet. Main and the River,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ Personal attention given to the sale of Hay Grain, Dried Fruit, Butter, Eggs, Apples, Potatoes, Flour, Bacon, Lard, &c.

☞ Orders for Groceries, Liquors, and Manufactured Articles, solicited and filled on the most favorable terms.

☞ Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

ja dtfs

E. T. SALE & CO.,

General Commission Agents,

NO. 34 WEST SIDE THIRD STREET,

Between Main and Water Streets,

LOUISVILLE.

BI. CARB SODA—200 casks New Castle Soda in store and for sale by

NOCK, WICKE & CO.

STARCH—500 boxes (assorted sizes) Madison Pearl Starch just received and for sale low to the trade by A. V. DUPONT & CO.

ENVELOPES—300,000 (assorted qualities) for sale by [m28] A. V. DU PONT & CO.

50 CASES CAP, LETTER, AND NOTE PAPER in store and for sale by

A. V. DU PONT & CO.

SALTPETRE—Du Pont's double refined, in 100lb bbls, warranted pure, for sale by

A. V. DU PONT & CO., Main st.

BONNET BOARDS—500 gross assorted qualities for sale low by

A. V. DUPONT & CO., Main st.

COTTON TWINE—50 bales in store and for sale cheap by [m28] A. V. DUPONT & CO.

JAVA COFFEE—50 bags just received per steamer Eudora and for sale by

TYLER & MARTIN.

By Telegraph.

YESTERDAY NOON'S DISPATCHES.

South Carolina Convention.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 17.—The Convention had four ballots for a permanent President. On the third ballot Gov. Gist received 88, ex-Senator Clusenni 17, ex-Speaker Orr 32, Mr. Jameson 64, with some few scattering. On the fourth ballot Mr. Jameson received 118 votes, ex-Speaker Orr 30, scattering 3. Mr. Jameson, on taking the chair, said he had not language to express his thanks for the honor conferred upon him in making him the presiding officer over the deliberations of this Convention. He considered that the Convention was engaged in a most important duty—the most important that had ever devolved on South Carolina. God only knows what will be the result of our proceedings, but he would implore God's protection for the State.

A resolution was then offered that when the Convention adjourn it be to meet in Charleston at 4 o'clock P. M. to-morrow.

This resolution caused considerable debate.

Mr. Miles appealed to the Convention not to adjourn to Charleston, but to remain here and reflect on the small-pox or other physical or moral causes, and discharge the duties required by South Carolina. He urged that other States would jeer at their timidity in the present crisis, and that the moral power of the present movement would be affected in other sympathizing States if we adjourn to Charleston.

Mr. Cochrau, of Abbeyville, said he would never consent to leave Columbia until the ordinance of secession was passed, and urged members to stand up to all the responsibilities of their position and remain and perfect their work.

Mr. Keitt said he was as ardently devoted to secession as any man, and determine d to be with the Convention until their action was complete, but urged their adjourning to Charleston. He said he never would consent to hurry through the proceedings of the Convention, and gave notice that no ordinance could be passed with his consent until every point was duly considered.

Others engaged in the discussion proand con.

The motion to adjourn to Charleston was finally carried by a large majority.

Resolutions were adopted inviting the Commissioners from Mississippi and Alabama to seats on the floor; also, that they address the Convention to-night at 7 o'clock.

A motion was made inviting Hon. Howell Cobb to a seat on the stand. Some members objected, and thought it would be expressing complimentary terms to Mr. Cobb that were not accorded to the Commissioners.

The motion to tender a seat prevailed with a few dissenting voices.

At the inauguration of the Governor today, the galleries of the Representatives' Hall were crowded by many ladies. Mr. Pickens read the inaugural address. His sentiments were decidedly firm for secession and were warmly applauded.

In the rear of Mr. Pickens, at the Speaker's stand, were Mr Cobb and Messrs. Elmore and Hooker, Commissioners from Alabama and Mississippi.

EVENING SESSION.

The Convention re-assembled at seven o'clock P. M., with the Hon. J. F. Jamison, President, in the Chair. Mr. Inglis introduced a resolution that a committee of members be appointed to draft an ordinance proper to be adopted by this Convention at any time during this Convention had any draft or scheme, he requested him to hand the same in without delay to said committee.

Resolved, That the acts of the General Assembly of this State providing for the assembling of this convention be referred to the same committee, with instructions to act thereon.

The President then named a clerk, messenger, and doorkeeper.

Governor Adams here introduced to the Convention the Commissioners from Alabama and Mississippi. The Commissioner from Alabama spoke first, and principally went to show that they, the Commissioners, acted by the authority of the Governors of their respective States, and in accordance with the desire of a majority of the people of their States.

The first resolution was then adopted—ayes, 159; nays, none.

In the second resolution Mr. Gadsbuzre moved to fill the blank with 21.

Mr. Rhett moved to amend by inserting "other matters for the consideration of the committee, or which may be presented to them."

Mr. Barrett—The committee will have the right to report the whole subject; everything should be first submitted to the committee.

Mr. Inglis—The object will be accomplished without amendments.

Mr. Rhett said the committee can originate anything within itself; for instance, an address coming from any one of this body will have fair consideration.

Mr. Cheeves—That is my idea and object is to avoid every side of the question in which there may be a division. We have had proof this evening that there is a single voice within the State of South Carolina. Business is expedited by continuing ourselves to secession. Our first object is to break the chain of this Union; the next point will be to study the point of direction.

Mr. Hayne—The proposition as I understand it is that a committee of twenty-one be appointed to take into consideration the various measures that may be introduced to the consideration of the Convention; that they should receive all such schemes from whatever quarter they may come; they shall have the privilege to do whatever pertains to the business of the Convention with a view of recommending it to this Convention. Whatever action they might think proper for consideration, or proposition for discussion among secessionists, is a matter simply of the secession of South Carolina from the present Government. I take it there has been sufficient expression of opinion here upon this occasion to guide that committee. Secession is a subject upon which all agree unanimously. Let the committee be composed of great intellect.

Mr. Brady—Separate the work for separate committees; let there be a separate committee for the consideration of the question of what is executive authority and of what is judiciary. It is necessary to have the mass of the Convention actively at work; let each committee have its peculiar province.

Mr. Calhoun—The committee itself must not be divided in opinion. The convention will then be called to do its just things in proper shape. By referring different subjects to different committees there would be clashing.

Mr. Middleton—In Charleston it will be more difficult to get the majority of a large committee to agree than the majority of a small committee. I trust the amendment will not be agreed to.

Mr. Hudson moved to lay the amendments on the table.

Mr. Chesnut moved to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Withers—Some members of this convention are better adapted for one part than another. The agriculturists will not do to examine commercial statistics and their bearings, and vice versa. The convention had met to consider the pulling down of one Government and the building up of another, to determine our foreign and domestic relations, and matters about changing the Constitution of the State. It is certain that the committee, no matter how able, can consider all and everything? I ask whether it is prudent to submit to the opinions of any one committee.

Mr. Gregg said the committees were appointed to consider business. They are necessary to prevent the Convention from becoming a debating society. He advocated the amendment.

Mr. Ward moved to fill it with seven.

Mr. Wardlaw moved twenty-one.

Mr. Ward's motion was carried, and the resolution adopted.

Mr. Maurgalt offered a resolution earnestly requesting the commissioners from Alabama and Mississippi to meet the Convention at Charleston.

Mr. Hope moved a vote of thanks to the Baptist denomination for the use of their building. Carried.

The credentials of the Commissioners were ordered to be entered on the minutes.

Mr. Keitt moved to adjourn, and at 10:5 P. M. the Convention adjourned.

From New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—The new steamer John P. King, built to ply between this port and Charleston, in Spofford & Tillotson's line, took fire this morning at Pier No. 4, North river, and was almost totally destroyed. She was towed into the stream and grounded on the battery enlargement. The King was valued at $16,000, and was partially insured, and was owned in this city and Charlestou. The burning ship was viewed by thousands of persons.

The steamer Jas. Adger, from Charleston, and R. R. Culver, from Savannah, came in collision this morning while coming into their docks, and both were considerably damaged.

The World learns from an authentic source that the British and French Consuls at this city have been approached by the secessionists with a view to secure their co-operation. Both replied that any communication to them would be immediately transmitted to the State Department at Washington.

The steamer Etna, from Liverpool the 5th, via Queenstown the 6th, arrived this morning. News anticipated. She brings £66,000 in gold.

The Atlantic sailed on the 5th from Southampton with $140,000 in gold.

A fearful explosion occurred in the Lisca coal mines, near Newport, Wales, entailing the loss of 170 lives.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The Illinois House delegation had a meeting to-night. Lovejoy and Morris were absent. A resolution was agreed on informally that the Union must and shall be preserved. A full meeting was expected, including the Senators, that the resolution may be formally and unanimously adopted.

The New Hampshire delegation has unanimously resolved that the true course is the protection of the public property and the enforcement of the revenue laws at all hazards.

The South Carolina Commissioners, headed by Keitt, are expected on Thursday to negotiate with the Government for Forts Moultrie and Sumpter.

☞ *For latest Telegraphic news see fourth page.*

Special Notices.

CLARKE'S LIVER PILLS!

The best Liver Remedy before the people. For sale by all druggists.

N. U. WALKER Proprietor, Pittsburg, Pa.

THE GREAT REMEDY,

GENESSEE LINIMENT!

Acknowledged the greatest Pain Destroyer known. For sale by all druggists.

N. U. WALKER, Proprietor, ap18 d&wtf Pittsburg, Pa.

THE

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S

Celebrated Female Pills,

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clark, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess, and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a shorti me, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any thing hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole agent for the United States and Canada,

JOB MOSES, (late J. C. Baldwin & Co.,)

Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 pills, by return mail

Sold in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER, WILSON, PETER & CO., and by all respectable Druggists everywhere. o10 d&wd6m 6m

WHAT IS IT? The whole world replies in chorus, "It is the most excellent article ever made." Then, again, comes the question, What is it? Answer, "LYON'S KATHAIRON for the Hair." Everybody uses it. Everybody likes it. Try it and prove its excellence. Sold by all dealers. d18 d4wlm

USE LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR THE HAIR.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS WARRANTED TO CURE FEVER AND AGUE.

The effect of purging with BRANDRETH'S PILLS is to restore the health, no matter from what cause it may be suffering. They take out all impurities from the system and they have the same power of expulsion over miasm, poisonous vapor of deceased vegetables, or indeed any poisonous exhalations breathed by man whatever. In fact, if the blood is poisoned, it is impure, and impure blood results in disease.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS,

though innocent as bread, yet they are capable of purifying the blood and curing disease. So, they cure all kinds of fevers, all asthma, catarrhs, costiveness and painful affections of every kind.

Price 25 cents per box. Sold by J. B. WILDER & CO., Main street, and RAYMOND & TYLER, Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., and by all respectable dealers in medicines. n29 d1m&w4

PALMER'S VEGETABLE COSMETIC LOTION

Removes Pimples and all other blemishes from the face and other parts of the person.

It cures Chilblains by one thorough application.

It cures every variety of inflamed, itching or irritating diseases of the Skin.

It cures Warts without fail. See directions.

It cures the most desperate cases of Tetter. Examine the large amount of evidence to substantiate these facts.

It has restored to society thousands that have been years in seclusion on account of same unsightly eruption of the face.

It cures Sores about the nose and mouth by a few applications.

It cures the Barber's Itch without fail.

It cures Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Old Sores, &c., in many cases operative like magic, one application often accomplishing more than has been effected by the application for years of the best known remedies.

It is the great Skin Purifier of the age. Then waste no more money on worthless articles, but procure at once one king of them all. Prepared only by

No. 36 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, O

For sale in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER, and by Druggists generally. d2 d&wtf

GET YOUR PICTURES AT THE BEE HIVE" CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE CITY

E. KLAUBER, PHOTOGRAPHER AND PROPRIETOR. s25 dtf

Settled For Ever!

The important question of

POISON IN HAIR DYES!

Cristadoro's Hair Dye

Has been analyzed and

DECLARED HARMLESS!

By

PROF. ROBT CHILTON, OF NEW YORK.

The first analytic in Amerida. Effect of the Dye almost instantaneous. Imparts a jet black or any shade of brown. Color rich, natural, and uniform. Manufactured No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

d7 d&wlm

WEBSTER'S GALLERY, AMBROTYPES, PHOTOGRAPHS, IVORYTYPES, LIFE-SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS 475 dtf

COAL. COAL.

PITTSBURG. POMEROY. SYRACUSE.

COAL. COAL.

Of the best quality and at the lowest prices. For sale by CHITTENDEN & GANO, west side Third street, bet. Main and Market.

my2 dtf

FURS.

The largest assortment of LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS, and WOLF and BUFFALO ROBES, are to be found at KELLOGG'S, under National Hotel.

o24 dtf

THE "NATIONAL GUARD"

And other new styles of SOFT HATS for young men, can be had in largest assortment at KELLOGG'S.

o24 dtf

JACOB CONRAD,

GLUE MANUFACTORY,

PRESTON STREET PLANK-ROAD.

ALSO on hand at all times, BONE MANURE. Farmers, Gardners, &c. s18 d3m

SUNDRIES.

200 BBLS prime N. Y. Apples in good shipping order;

200 bbls Peachanoc Potatoes, prime;

50 bbls Silver skin Onions;

50 bbls Northern Red Onions;

5 bbls Hominy, favorite mills;

5 bbls Chestnuts;

10 bbls prime choice Roll Butter;

5 bbls do do do;

In store and for sale by

ABNER COOPER, Commission Merchant, n21tf 145 Wall street.

RECEIVED THIS DAY—

25 cases "White Cliequot", Champagne Vintage 1857, the finest Wine ever imp.;

25 baskets Heidsieck & Co.,"Vintage 1857;

10 casks superior Old Port;

2 do do Sherry;

In store and for sale by

J. H. SCHROEDER & SON, 28 Wall street.

SUNDRIES—

200 bbls Potatoes;

250 bags Buckwheat Flour;

300 bushels Onions;

100 do Dried Apples;

2,000 do Oats;

1,000 do Rye;

1,000 bbls Flour, various grades;

On consignment and for sale by

d5 JOHN SNYDER & CO.

FRESH WINTER ALE—

50 barrels,

50 half barrels,

50 kegs,

Celebrated MADISON ALE, just received and for sale by

J. H. SCHROEDER & SON.

dec1 d wall street.

Great Excitement at

NO. 323 MARKET STREET,

☞ SIGN OF THE AMERICAN EAGLE. ☜

Occasioned by the extremely low prices at which MERWIN & GALE are selling all kinds of fashionable, good and well styles of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, for cash. Just look at the following low prices for good shoes:

Ladies' brown and black Heeled Gaiters, only 81 25.

Do French Kid Heeled Congress Gaiters, only $1 25.

Do English Lasting Heeled Congress Gaiters, only $1 25.

Do Congress Gaiters without Heels, only $1.

Servants' Heeled Boots, a good article, only $1.

Do do do fair article, only 75c.

Ladies' Kid Heeled Boots, only $1 25.

Misses' Kid and Morocco Heeled Boots, only $1.

Child's heeled Gaiters, 50c. Child's Shoes, 25c.

Boys' Calf and Kip Boots, first rate, very cheap.

Do Calf-skin Shoes, thick soles, only $1.

Youths' Calf and Kip Boots, cheap for cash.

Ladies', Gents', Misses' and Child's Rubbers Shoes cheap. Undertakings MERWIN & GALE'S, No. 323 West Market street, Sign of the American Flag.

PAPER HANGINGS.

The subscribers would call attention to their fine stock of FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN

PAPER HANGINGS!

Having just received forty cases of NEW PAPERS, selected with great care by one of the firm, who has lately visited the manufacturing districts both of Europe and this country, they are prepared to exhibit a larger assortment than ever before shown in Louisville, and are determined to sell at prices as low as any house in the United States.

HEGAN & ESCOTT.

SUNDRIES—

200 boxes Pickles;

100 do Brandy Peaches;

50 do Fresh Figs;

100 do fresh Cove Oysters;

100 do Raisins, to arrive;

5,000 John Bull Cigars;

5,000 Edward Everett Cigars;

10 cases sardines;

50 baskets Champagne;

2,000 bs fresh Gum Drops;

25 boxes Chocolate;

100 dozen Sauces, assorted;

In store and for sale by

e19 A. W. KAYE.

Amusements.

LOUISVILLE THEATER

MRS. MARY E. LORTON.....SOLE LESSEE
ROBERT GARRISON.....STAGE MANAGER
THOS. J. CAREY.....TREASURER

RATES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette, 75c; Second Tier and Family Circle, 50c; Private Boxes, $5; Colored Boxes, 35c; Gallery, 25c; Colored Gallery, 15c.

☞ CHANGE OF TIME—Doors open at 7:—Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock.

MR. AND MISS RICHINGS.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, December 19th, will be repeated the grand Operatic Drama of the ENCHANTRESS—PROGRAMME—Ramlr (his original character), Mr. Peter Richings—Forte Bracelo, Mr. Jackson. (A lapse of 15 years between the Prologue and the Drama.) DRAMA—Ramlr (disguised as a hermit, Felix Antonio), Mr. Peter Richings; Don Silvio, Elmore; Duke d'Aguila, Rhrone; Dr. Mithanasius, S. Smith; Nugnez, Hamilton; Busiris, Slevin; Forte Bracelo, Dickson; Stella (the Enchantress), Miss C. Richings.

☞ Box office will be open daily from 10 o'clock, A. M., till 1 P. M., and from 3 to 5 P. M., when seats may be secured. d19 dtf

MASONIC EMPLE.

MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY.

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 20, 1860

THE MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY will give their FIRST CONCERT (Fourth Season) on Thursday evening, December 20, 1860. The price of season Tickets, admitting two persons to each Concert of the series of Five, is four dollars. Single Tickets 50 cents. Each can be obtained at the Music Stores and at the door.

Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. For particulars see programme. del9dtd

JOHN C. HEENAN'S

RECEPTION FESTIVAL!

AT

MOZART HALL,

Wednesday, December 19th,

Upon which occasion he will be assisted by

OTHER CELEBRITIES.

THE arrangements will be conducted upon the most unexceptionable principles, and will be found in every respect worthy of the patronage of the elite.

The object of this Fete, independent of conferring a well merited compliment to the recipient of the ovation, is to allow that portion of the community who have never seen a struggle for superiority in science or strength between opponents, an opportunity of witnessing the *modus operandi* incident to such events well of the unpleasant features that too often are abundant upon a personal encounter.

THE CHAMPION AND HIS FRIENDS

will appear in the same costume, and display the same colors as were employed at the meeting in Portland.

MR. JOHN C. HEENAN

WILL PERSONALLY APPEAR.

Mr. Heenan will sustain the onset of eminent professors in a series of Sparring Scenes of a chaste and scientific character.

The performances will be enlivened by an

EXCELLENT BAND OF MUSIC.

To give additional relish to this most imposing and novel entertainment, an encasement has been effected with

MONS. GREGOIRE, THE MODERN HERCULES,

whose astounding feats of strength are the wonder of both the OLD AND NEW WORLD, and acknowledged by all who have witnessed his miraculous exercises, to be the

Strongest Man in the World.

The most effective measures have been made to secure good order by the management.

Doors open at 7—commencing at 8.

TICKETS..... $1 00

Tids Novel and Choice Entertainment is patronized by the most refined classes, both ladies and gentlemen.

Reserved seats for Ladies and Gentlemen accompanying them. d17 d3

MASONIC TEMPLE.

MAD. VARIAN JAMES,

THE NEW AMERICAN PRIMA DONNA, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Louisville that she will give

TWO GRAND CONCERTS,

ON

Friday and Saturday Evenings, December 21st and 22d,

On which occasion she will be assisted by other EMINENT ARTISTES.

The whole under the direction of MR. EDWARD HOFFMAN, the distinguished Pianist. d14 dtd

SECOND ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

LOUISVILLE

Stove and Hollow-Ware

MOLDERS' UNION,

TO BE GIVEN ON

Tuesday Evening, Dec. 25th, 1860,

AT

MASONIC TEMPLE:

THE general satisfaction given at our first Annual Ball will, we think, be sufficient earnest of our desire and ability to please.

MANAGERS.

Typographical Union—Jas. R. Watts, L. S. Bartlett, Henry Pfeifer, Machinists' and Black-smiths' Union—Wm. Bullitt, C. Clock. Machinery Molders' Union—Jas. McCardle, Chris. Baker, Jas. Fogarty. Hatters' Union—F. M. Atkinson, Geo. Schmidt. Stove Mounters and Hollow-ware Molders' Union—David Harran, John Meagher, Caleb Scowin, John Gaville, David Hille, Jas. Ryan. Fgoos MANAGERS—R. Gilchrist, Abram Akers, Jos. Rieth, John McDermott, O. J. Carr, John Cogell.

WM. HAAS, General Director.

Carriages will be in attendance to convey ladies to and from the Ball.

Both halls will be used for dancing. Simon's and Cunningham's Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Edibles to be furnished by the United States Hotel. ☞ Tickets $2 50. d1 dtd

DANCING

AND

CALISTHENICS.

MR. W. STELLE'S ACADEMY will re-open on FRIDAY, September 28th, in the MASONIC TEMPLE.

Hours—9 TO TUITION—Fridays, from 3 to 5; and Saturdays, from 10 to 1, and from 3 to 5 P. M.

Gentlemen's Class—Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Terms per Quarter—Ten dollars, payable in advance. s24 dtf

FIRST PREMIUM

KENTUCKY FEED CUTTER

THIS is the largest and most powerful Cutter now offered to the public, and like every other universal favorite with all who have tried it. No. 1 designed for power. No. 2 for power or hand; No. 3 for hand, and will cut a given length with less power than any other box now in the market.

ALSO—In store and for sale by the car load, *prime* and *fresh* KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, ORCHARD GRASS, HERDS GRASS, TIMOTHY, &c., &c.; together with every thing needed on the farm.

Orders from a distance solicited.

G. W. BASHAW,

n13 No. 322 West Main street.

LADIES' STONE MARTIN AND CANADA SABLE FURS, in great variety, at PRATHER & SMITH'S, 425 Main street.

d8

FURS—Ladies' Hudson Bay Sable, dark and light Fitch Furs, in great variety, at PRATHER & SMITH'S, 425 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

d8

FURS—Ladies' extra large and fine French Sable, Hudson Bay Sable, stone Martin, Siberian Squirrel, Gennette and Coney Furs, at PRATHER & SMITH'S, 425 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

d8

NEW STYLE OF DRESS HATS introduced this day by PRATHER & SMITH, 425 Main street.

d8

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MEN'S AND BOYS' SOFT FELT HATS can be had cheap of PRATHER & SMITH, 425 Main street.

d8

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTH CAPS just received at PRATHER & SMITH'S, 425 Main street.

d8

FURS—Every description of Ladies' and Misses' Furs known to the trade can be had very low of PRATHER & SMITH, 425 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

d8

REMOVAL.

ON the 1st of September next we will remove to our larger fire-story building, No. 306 Main, opposite the Louisville Hotel, at present occupied by Messrs. James Lowe & Co. We are now receiving on

FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS

And by the time of our removal shall have one of the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

Assortments in the Mark

All of which will be sold CHEAP. Our credit and the trade generally are respectfully solicited to give us a call.

au14daw T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

J. MONKS, 732 MAIN STREET,

HAVE in store and for sale very low in lots to suit purchasers, or retail, 1,000 bbls of various sizes and brands of Kentucky Bourbon Whisky, a portion very old and made by the best Bourbon copper distillers—is probably the finest Whisky now for sale in the State.

PURE COGNAC AND ROCHELLE BRANDIES.

20 pipes and casks Rochelle Brandy:

10 ¼ do Otard, Dupuy & Co. Brandy;

10 ¼ do Marti do;

10 ¼ do Pinet Castillon do;

Also 10 ¼ and 5 ¼ pipes pure Pellevoisin Brandy on consignment and ordered to be sold at New York prices. J. MONKS, north side Main street, n24 between Seventh and Eighth.

DRESS HATS—Gross Silk and Cassimere Hats of the latest Fall style, to be had of LADD & WATTS, 331 Main street, between Third and Fourth.

n17

HUNGARIAN HATS—A few dozen of this desirable business Hat for sale cheap by LADD & WATTS, 331 Main street, between Third and Fourth.

n17

BEAVER FRENCH AND FELT HATS—All the most fashionable styles and colors constantly on hand at LADD & WATTS', 331 Main street, between Third and Fourth.

n17

CAPS—A full stock of Caps for Men's and Boys' wear. Call and examine them at LADD & WATTS', 331 Main street, between Third and Fourth.

n17

Medicinal.

Dr. J. H. McLean's

Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier,

GREATEST REMEDY IN THE WORLD

AND THE

Most Delicious and Delightful

CORDIAL

EVER TAKEN.

Before taking. After taking.

IT is strictly a Eclectatic and Vegetable Compound, procured by the distillation of Roots, Herbs and Bark, Yellow Dock, Blood Root Black Root, Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry Bark and Dandelion entering into its composition. The entire active remedial principle of each ingredient is thoroughly extracted by my new method of distilling, producing a delicious Cordial, tasping it pleasant to the taste, and the most infallible remedy for renovating the diseased system, and restoring the sick, suffering, and debilitated invalid to health and strength.

McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING

CORDIAL

WILL EFFECTALLY CURE

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice,

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases resulting from a Disordered Liver or Stomach, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Inward Piles, Acidity or sickness of the Stomach, Fullness of blood to the Head, Dull Pain or Swimming in the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach Sour Eructations, Choaking or suffocating Feeling when lying down, Dryness or Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Night Sweats, Inward Fevers, Pain in the small of the Back, Chest or Side, sudden Flushes of Heat, Depression of Spirits, Frightful Dreams, Languor, Despondency, or any Nervous disease, Sores or Blotches on the Skin, and Fever and Ague or Chills and Fever.

OVER A MILLION OF BOTTLES

Have been sold during the last six months, and in no instance has it failed in giving entire satisfaction. Who, then, will suffer from Weakness or Debility when McLean's Strengthening Cordial will cure you? No language can convey an adequate idea of the impended and almost miraculous change produced by taking this Cordial in the diseased, debilitated and shattered nervous system whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness, the relaxed and unstrung organization is restored to its pristine health and vigor.

MARRIED PERSONS,

or those on occasions of inability, from whatever cause, will find McLean's strengthening Cordial a thorough regenerator of the system; and all who may have injured themselves by improper indulgences, will find the Cordial a certain and speedy remedy.

TO THE LADIES.

McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

Is a Sovereign and Speedy Cure for

INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION,

Whites, obstructed or Difficult Menstruation, Inconsistencies of Crime or Involuntary Discharges therefrom, Fallin of the Womb, Giddiness, Fainting, and all Diseases incident to Females.

There is no Mistake About it.

Suffering females have only to Take its according to Directions, It will stimulate, strengthen, and invigorate you, and cause the bloom of health to mount your cheek again. *Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction.*

FOR CHILDREN.

If your child is cross sickly, puny, or afflicted, McLean's Cordial will make them healthy, fat, and robust. Being not a medicine, try it, and you will be convinced.

IT IS DELICIOUS TO TAKE.

CAUTION!—Beware of Drugg

River Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.....DEC 19.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Particulars see Steamboat Advertisements.

TELEGRAPH No. 3, Cincinnati.
PLANTER, Wells, N. O.
CHANCELLOR, Matthews, N. O.
DOVE, Sander, Ky river.
GREY EAGLE (packet), Henderson.
ROSE DOUGLAS, Marinda, White river.
R. M. PATTON, Bernard, Florence.
JOHN McKINLEY (packet), Nashville.
SAM KIRKMAN, Throop, Memphis.

ARRIVALS, December 18.

Planter, Wheeling. | Telegraph No. 3, Baltimore, Pomeroy.
Superior, Cin. | Lancaster, Carr.
Goody Friends, Memphis. | Prima Donna, N. O.
Lady Jackson, Madison.
Diligent, Leavy.

DEPARTURES.

Goosey Friends, Pitts. | Prima Donna, Pitts
Wild Cat, do. | Superior, do.
Lancaster, Carr. | Madison, Cin.
Perkins, N. O. | Diana, N. O.

THE RIVER was falling very fast yesterday, with nine feet water in the canal at dark last evening. During the previous twenty-four hours the river had receded eight inches at the head of the falls, and fully two feet at Portland. The weather has been cold and cloudy, with light drizzling rains last evening.

At Cincinnati, yesterday, the river was falling fast, and at Pittsburg it was also falling, with only two feet water in the channel. The prevailing mild and moist weather is likely to make another rise in the river.

The Martin Walt is frozen up in the Mississippi, in a safe harbor, between Burlington and Fort Madison. The Prairie Rose was at St. Louis, Monday, loading for the Ohio. The state of navigation in that quarter is rather precarious, as will be seen by the following extract:

A great quantity of ice is floating down the river, although it is not very firm or thick. The river continues to fall steadily, and there is so little water below here, that there is great danger of one or the other of the narrow places becoming corked and shutting us out from the South by river. The danger of navigation at present is considered so imminent that the Board of Underwriters, on Saturday, declined to insure on any steamboat.

☞ The Telegraph No. 3 is the mail and passenger packet for the East at noon today, and we learn that the famous low-pressure Jacob Strader, the leviathan of the waters, will be down to-morrow. She has had many improvements added to her, and these huge "wooden" boilers have been removed, and the old-fashioned round-flued boilers substituted in their place. They believe the boat of a vast amount of extra weight, which makes her much lighter, and of course a much faster boat than ever.

☞ The Peytons last evening, was preparing to start to New Orleans with a very fine number of passengers, and a large freight including a vast amount of new goods. She makes her trips with dispatch and great regularity.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—The Cincinnati Gazette thus gives the particulars of another collision disaster:

We learn from the officers of the Liberty that the steamer Logan No 3, bound for Marietta, and Ladidel, bound down, collided at the head of Mu kingum Island, about two miles below Marietta, on Saturday night. The Ohio struck the Ladidel about two feet abaft the beam, cutting her completely in two and causing her to sink on ten feet water. The Ohio sustained no damage but the loss of her jackstaff. The Ladidel was a small stern-wheel boat, built at Portsmouth about eight months since, and was owned by Capt. Johnson Colter and cost about $1,000. The boat will be a total loss.

THE IRRESISTIBLE CONFLICT.—From the following extract in the New Orleans Delta of last Saturday, the 15th, it appears that our information in regard to certain business being notified to leave the South has not wholly carried it out. In this connection we will here take occasion to state, as we understand it, that the main reason that the Cincinnati boatmen have laid their boats up, is the refusal of Cincinnati merchants to ship provisions to them at freight rates. If such is the fact, we hope none of our Louisville will take Cincinnati freights at any rate. They should patronize their own boats. The following extract is in relevance to the paragraph in the Courier stating that the Secessionists had notified the Abolitionists to leave:

There is no Capt. Konnz in the Red river trade but one Wm. J. Konnz in the St. Louis and New Orleans trade, who, in the Louisville convention offered the resolution for the banishing of river news reporters and advertising agents. The Argyle's officers, we understand, are all right.

☞ The Woodford, for this port, and the Ohio Belle, for Cincinnati, were at New Orleans Saturday, receiving good loads of freight.

☞ Neither the Red river nor Ouachita reports are encouraging. Both tributaries are reported to be falling fast. The new Mississippi, however, is falling slowly, and there is no further decline.

☞ The R M Patton No. 2, Capt. Barnard, is the only packet in the wood trade at present, awaiting better times. There was not enough for several steamers in the regular packets, and the Linden, for Louisville, was the only departure.

The Memphis packets were not able to leave Vicksburg from the fact that there is a gorge of ice at Greeley's Ride, and no steamer has passed up or down this week.

☞ The Planter, a neat and staunch new boat, came in from the eastern waters on Saturday in charge of that true and tried old boatman, Captain C. V. Wells, of the old Union Line. The Planet is at the city wharf ready for freight for Memphis, New Orleans, Vicksburg and way places. The clerk is our courteous friend, Alf. Armstrong.

The Planter was built expressly for the New Orleans, Yazoo, and tributaries, with ample capacity for 2,500 bales of cotton. She has cabin accommodations for fifty passengers, and a good model, and power sufficient to make her a lively boat. The boat is 160 feet in length, with 36 feet beam, 5½ feet floor, and 6½ feet hold. She has two engines 20 inches in diameter, with 5 feet stroke, and her water wheel shafts are made of wrought iron. The engineer is James Phillips, a scientific boatman. He is on hand to run the machinery. Her boilers have each 24 flues, all five inches in diameter, excepting one. That is only three inches in diameter.

FOR MEMPHIS.—The Sam Kirkman is loading for Memphis, and is advertised for this evening. She is at the city wharf.

FOR NASHVILLE.—The famous Louisville packet, John Gault, is now receiving freight for Nashville and all Ohio river and Cumberland river landings. She is advertised for this evening.

☞ The following decision in Cincinnati is of interest to shippers and boatmen:

INSURANCE TO COMMON CARRIERS.—Owners of steamboat Fred Tron vs. Kinsey, Hinde & Co.—Judge Collins decided this case. The plaintiffs brought 100 barrels of whisky from Louisville, consigned to defendants, under a bill of lading that the goods were to be delivered to defendants, they paying freight and charges. In defence were notified that the goods were at the landing, and had the bill of lading delivered to them. They took the goods away without objecting to the bill for freight and charges, and afterwards paid the freight, but refused to pay the charges, amounting to $70.37 which the boat had paid on the goods when she received them at Louisville.

Defendants do not deny that the charges were paid in good faith, but defend on the ground that they are unreasonable, and were not due to the parties from whom plaintiffs received the goods.

The Court found, on the testimony, that the charges were unreasonable, but that if defendants intended to dispute their payment to the boat, they should have done so before receiving the goods under the bill. Otherwise they unlawfully deprive the carrier of his lien.

THE LOSS OF THE SOUTH BEND.—The Goody Friends, Capt Shuman, arrived here yesterday, on her way to Pittsburg, with a big load of cotton from Memphis. Her officers state that the unlucky South Bend ran into her after she had failed to "run the shore." The following particulars are from the Memphis Avalanche of Saturday:

Wednesday night the steamer Goody Friends, bound from this port by Cincinnati and the South Bend, bound from Cincinnati to Arkansas river, met in Big Bend some forty miles above this city. The usual signals were given, but the Goody Friends, we understand, failed to answer properly. The two boats rapidly neared each other, and when within a short distance, the mate of the South Bend called to the pilot of the Goody Friends to back her boat. The only reply he received was, "Keep your own boat, G—d d—n you!" The South Bend had previously received here pilots, and the bow of the opposing boat struck her on the larboard side. Just about the derrick fell, carrying her half in two. The boilers of the South Bend were also ripped into the boat by the shock. Then the boat commenced to rapidly sink. A scene of dire confusion ensued—the passengers rushing frantically, half clad, to the hurricane deck. The most noble lady on board and she was speedily placed in safety.

The boat sank in less than three minutes, in deep water. Only the texas was left out of the water. Many of the deck hands were unable to reach the hurricane roof, but most of them clung to the stage-planks until they were rescued by Capt H. L. Haynes, the commander who displayed the utmost coolness and judgment in directing the movements of the others. It is known that two cabin passengers and three deck hands are lost. They speak in terms of the strongest condemnation of her officers. Most of the people on the South Bend lost everything, even to their clothing. Such as had the money to pay for their passage to Memphis (two dollars was the charge) were permitted to occupy the cabin of the Carrier, but the less fortunate were kept on the deck, and suffered much to eat. The boat kept on her way before the disgraceful conduct of its officers was made known, and we understand no would have been warmly received by our citizens.

RECEIPTS BY THE RIVER.

Embracing only the Leading Articles of Import

CINCINNATI — Per Superior — 25 carboys Cornwall & Bro—15 carboys, Dupont & Co—31 boxes shoes, Thomas & Anderson—8 bbls whiskey, Russell—21 bbls whisky, Bloom & Sale—20 boxes raisins, Morris & Swift—30 barrels lobscouse, Yallandingham—46 bbls whisky, Nock Wood & Co—60 bbls whisky, Bloom & Sale—20 bbls apples, 8 bales hay, 20 boxes tobacco, 2 rolls leather, 7 bbls whisky, 5 bbls ale, 1 bbls fish, 1 sheet iron, 97 packages sundries, &c. &c. consignees—

Commercial.

OFFICE LOUISVILLE COURIER,
TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 18, 1860.

The money market continues to grow worse and worse, with no prospect for any improvement, unless a great change takes place. The demand for money to-day was not pressing, but a large number of persons applying for loans went away disappointed. The banks are only discounting in a small way, and then it is for parties who have special claims on them, and who have strictly first class paper to offer which has but a short time to run. There is no lack of money, but it is the want of confidence that makes matters continue in this channel. The market for uncurrent money is unchanged, with but a small amount of business doing. The market for exchange remains the same as yesterday, with but a small demand.

The movement of the banks in the four principal cities of the Union, in which weekly reports are made, as shown by their last statement, is as follows:

	Loans.	Deposits.
N. York, Dec. 8.	$130,214,366	$82,381,154
Boston, Dec. 10....	61,870,955	15,176,...
Phila., Dec. 10....	27,987,587	13,133,287
N. Orleans, Dec. 8.	20,248,586	15,587,...
Total.....	$239,321,191	$145,121,...
Last week.....	240,104,263	128,992,...
Last year.....	241,251,200	157,720,4...

	Specie.	Circulation.
N. York, Dec. 8....	$18,562,743	$8,995,...
Boston, Dec. 10....	3,233,683	7,241,...
Phila., Dec. 10....	3,557,067	5,...
N. Orleans, Dec. 8..	11,013,320	6,853,...
Total.....	$36,666,807	$29,515,...
Last week.....	30,055,260	25,970,...
Last year.....	34,...	25,...

In the general market there was but little doing, the demand for the various articles of trade being small. Flour is in demand to supply the home market, and prices remain unchanged. The sales today were made at $4 70@$5 25 for superfine to extra grades. Wheat is coming in freely, arriving, and the quotations are merely nominal. Choice lots of red and white could be sold at 90c and $1. The demand for corn is small, with sales at yesterday's quotations. Oats are dull, with small sales at 35c, sacks included. Whisky is steady, with fair sales at 14@14½c.

Groceries remain unchanged, with a good demand for sugar for home consumption at 6¼@7¼c for the different grades. Molasses is dull, with sales at 22½c for bbls, and 30@31c for half bbls. There is no change to note in the market for coffee. The sales to-day were at 12½@14½c for prime Rio.

There was a good demand for Mess Pork at the advance established yesterday, but the sales were limited as holders were not willing to sell much at that price, and a small lot was sold at $16. At the close the market was very firm, and none of the packers were holding at $16, but we think that lots could yet be purchased at $15 50, cash. The news from abroad is encouraging, and our dealers are looking for a large demand from New Orleans, as that market is bare with a heavy demand. The sales of Pork to-day were 500 bbls at $15 50, and 70 bbls at $16. Should the news to night be as encouraging as it was at noon, not one barrel of Pork can be bought here to-morrow morning for less than $16. The demand for Bacon continues moderate, parties are ordering only in small lots as they are compelled to use it. The sales to-day were small, but the market closed firm at 8, 10, and 12c for Shoulders, Rib and clear Sides. All the sales of Bacon now being made are of the new crops as the old stock has been entirely exhausted for some time past. There is nothing doing in Green or Bulk Meats, and it is impossible for us to give accurate quotations. There is no change to note in the market for Hogs. There are none offering, and none of the packers are making offerings for them, though lots of heavy Hogs could readily be sold at $5 25 net, cash. The packing season is still progressing, and will no doubt close during the present week.

Financial Matters Abroad.

The New Orleans Picayune of Saturday says:

At the close of our last weekly summary the market was depressed and gloomy, but within the past few days there are evidences of a better feeling, based partly on the impression that the reaction on the other side will prove less severe than was apprehended. Up to this time, it is true, we have hardly any response to our quotations, but there is evidently less uneasiness me to the result.

The money market is not in a condition as yet to empathize with the shadow of opinion. There is no outside demand for either paper or securities, though now and then a small negotiation is effected on terms it would be useless to mention. The banks discount very little new paper, but are extending all facilities that may be desired in the way of renewals. A good deal of specie has come in this week, and the statement to-morrow ought to show nearly twelve millions of coin.

The exchange market is decidedly better. To-day sterling has been in good demand for sterling, and the transactions hardly fell short of £100,000.

The New York Times of Saturday says of money matters:

Finally the view of the market to-day is decidedly good. The improvement in the tone of money and exchange affairs noticed yesterday, has resulted in a larger business in mercantile paper and in bills on England. The banks at their discount sessions this morning took a large proportion of their offerings in some instances all that were offered within bank rule as to date, and outside of bank imprint currency was given to first class paper at from 12@18‰ pm. Exchange operations were much heavier in amount than for several mails past. Some of the English shippers of gold by the Europa caused their correspondents here to be advised by telegraph from Halifax of the amount on board, with a view to the purchase of return exchange in advance of the actual receipts of gold, and this, to some limited extent was done to-day. The advance in bank and bankers' bills, on actual sales, is about par, on merchant bills from 10@12½ pm. The factor 158¾@164, closing at 164@165, the latter 164 and 165. The greatest good is accomplished by the bank operations of the week, nearly 3,000 bills drawn against cotton from the South or in transitu, and grain and flour from this port and the West, and the money in that line completely in use and causing her to sink on ten feet water. The ultimo sustained no damage but the loss of her jackstaff. The Ladidel was a small stern-wheel boat, built at Portsmouth about eight months since, and was owned by Capt. Johnson Colter and cost about $1,000. The boat will be a total loss.

THE IRRESISTIBLE CONFLICT.—From the following extract in the New Orleans Delta of last Saturday, the 15th, it appears that our information in regard to certain business being notified to leave the South has not wholly carried it out. In this connection we will here take occasion to state, as we understand it, that the main reason that the Cincinnati boatmen have laid their boats up, is the refusal of Cincinnati merchants to ship provisions to them at freight rates. If such is the fact, we hope none of our Louisville will take Cincinnati freights at any rate. They should patronize their own boats. The following extract is in relevance to the paragraph in the Courier stating that the Secessionists had notified the Abolitionists to leave:

There is no Capt. Konnz in the Red river trade but one Wm. J. Konnz in the St. Louis and New Orleans trade, who, in the Louisville convention offered the resolution for the banishing of river news reporters and advertising agents. The Argyle's officers, we understand, are all right.

☞ The Woodford, for this port, and the Ohio Belle, for Cincinnati, were at New Orleans Saturday, receiving good loads of freight.

☞ Neither the Red river nor Ouachita reports are encouraging. Both tributaries are reported to be falling fast. The new Mississippi, however, is falling slowly, and there is no further decline.

☞ The R M Patton No. 2, Capt. Barnard, is the only packet in the wood trade at present, awaiting better times. There was not enough for several steamers in the regular packets, and the Linden, for Louisville, was the only departure.

The Memphis packets were not able to leave Vicksburg from the fact that there is a gorge of ice at Greeley's Ride, and no steamer has passed up or down this week.

☞ The Planter, a neat and staunch new boat, came in from the eastern waters on Saturday in charge of that true and tried old boatman, Captain C. V. Wells, of the old Union Line. The Planet is at the city wharf ready for freight for Memphis, New Orleans, Vicksburg and way places. The clerk is our courteous friend, Alf. Armstrong.

The Planter was built expressly for the New Orleans, Yazoo, and tributaries, with ample capacity for 2,500 bales of cotton. She has cabin accommodations for fifty passengers, and a good model, and power sufficient to make her a lively boat. The boat is 160 feet in length, with 36 feet beam, 5½ feet floor, and 6½ feet hold. She has two engines 20 inches in diameter, with 5 feet stroke, and her water wheel shafts are made of wrought iron. The engineer is James Phillips, a scientific boatman. He is on hand to run the machinery. Her boilers have each 24 flues, all five inches in diameter, excepting one. That is only three inches in diameter.

FOR MEMPHIS.—The Sam Kirkman is loading for Memphis, and is advertised for this evening. She is at the city wharf.

FOR NASHVILLE.—The famous Louisville packet, John Gault, is now receiving freight for Nashville and all Ohio river and Cumberland river landings. She is advertised for this evening.

☞ The following decision in Cincinnati is of interest to shippers and boatmen:

INSURANCE TO COMMON CARRIERS.—Owners of steamboat Fred Tron vs. Kinsey, Hinde & Co.—Judge Collins decided this case. The plaintiffs brought 100 barrels of whisky from Louisville, consigned to defendants, under a bill of lading that the goods were to be delivered to defendants, they paying freight and charges. In defence were notified that the goods were at the landing, and had the bill of lading delivered to them. They took the goods away without objecting to the bill for freight and charges, and afterwards paid the freight, but refused to pay the charges, amounting to $70.37 which the boat had paid on the goods when she received them at Louisville.

Defendants do not deny that the charges were paid in good faith, but defend on the ground that they are unreasonable, and were not due to the parties from whom plaintiffs received the goods.

The Court found, on the testimony, that the charges were unreasonable, but that if defendants intended to dispute their payment to the boat, they should have done so before receiving the goods under the bill. Otherwise they unlawfully deprive the carrier of his lien.

THE LOSS OF THE SOUTH BEND.—The Goody Friends, Capt Shuman, arrived here yesterday, on her way to Pittsburg, with a big load of cotton from Memphis. Her officers state that the unlucky South Bend ran into her after she had failed to "run the shore." The following particulars are from the Memphis Avalanche of Saturday:

Wednesday night the steamer Goody Friends, bound from this port by Cincinnati and the South Bend, bound from Cincinnati to Arkansas river, met in Big Bend some forty miles above this city. The usual signals were given, but the Goody Friends, we understand, failed to answer properly. The two boats rapidly neared each other, and when within a short distance, the mate of the South Bend called to the pilot of the Goody Friends to back her boat. The only reply he received was, "Keep your own boat, G—d d—n you!" The South Bend had previously received here pilots, and the bow of the opposing boat struck her on the larboard side. Just about the derrick fell, carrying her half in two. The boilers of the South Bend were also ripped into the boat by the shock. Then the boat commenced to rapidly sink. A scene of dire confusion ensued—the passengers rushing frantically, half clad, to the hurricane deck. The most noble lady on board and she was speedily placed in safety.

The boat sank in less than three minutes, in deep water. Only the texas was left out of the water. Many of the deck hands were unable to reach the hurricane roof, but most of them clung to the stage-planks until they were rescued by Capt H. L. Haynes, the commander who displayed the utmost coolness and judgment in directing the movements of the others. It is known that two cabin passengers and three deck hands are lost. They speak in terms of the strongest condemnation of her officers. Most of the people on the South Bend lost everything, even to their clothing. Such as had the money to pay for their passage to Memphis (two dollars was the charge) were permitted to occupy the cabin of the Carrier, but the less fortunate were kept on the deck, and suffered much to eat. The boat kept on her way before the disgraceful conduct of its officers was made known, and we understand no would have been warmly received by our citizens.

Hog Items.

The Cincinnati Gazette of this morning says:

In our general markets the feeling is buoyant and provisions was not as strong as at the close on Saturday, but prices of the former were unchanged. The offerings were light, and lots on the spot were saleable at $5 50@$5 60. For delivery ahead, say this week and next, the offerings were pretty free at $5 50, and this after noon 5,000 head, deliverable all the week, sold at $5 50. Packers, however, were generally indisposed to operate so far forward delivery, but for loose delivery the market may be quoted strong at $5 50@$5 55 for good hogs. The receipts since Saturday comprise 3,500 head. Hulls current no—pork is scarce, and what is there, for cut is held at $15. Prices closed to-day dull at $14 50. Green meats steady. Hams sold at 5½@5¾, and sides at 6¾@7. Shoulders would bring 4¾, but holders asked 4¾. About 300,000 lbs bulk meats, chiefly shoulders, sold for March delivery on private terms, and a lot of 50 hhds sides, on the spot, at 7c, packed. Holders mostly asked 5¾@6¼c, packed, for shoulders and sides. Lard would not bring much by 5@5¾c as on Saturday, but at 5¾c there was a fair demand for prime tierce.

The Chicago Tribune of yesterday says:

The receipts of hogs for the past twenty-four hours were 33,000 and 603 live, against 3,658 dressed and 4,168 live on the corresponding day in 1859. There was a good demand for dressed hogs, sales were made at an advance. All good lots weighing 225 and over were freely taken at 5¾, and a very extra heavy lot went at 5¾@6c. The small receipts of live hogs were bought by packers mainly, and we learn that a few choice lots were sold at a slight advance on yesterday's prices—should the receipts be large increase, or Eastern exchange become easier, we think prices would decline, as the light receipts and demand for shipment in order to make exchange have been the main causes of the present advance. The sales were:

133 averaging	205 at	$4 40
59	" 200 at	4 50
60	" 270 at	4 60
50	" 240 at	4 40
100	" 225 at	4 40

New Orleans Market.

[From the Delta of Saturday.]

The week opened with great depression in money affairs, and the speculative business doing in our general market, but toward the close, with favorable foreign news and an improvement in exchange, the movement in cotton was on a more liberal scale, at better and steadier prices. In sugar and molasses there has been more animation, and fuller prices have been obtained. Flour has been in active at former prices, and in corn the movement has been brisk, with a steady advance in the rates. Provisions have been dull and irregular.

COTTON—Both the receipts and the demand during the week have been to a fair extent, and prices generally have been easier. About 41,000 sacks were sold up to last evening at 5 3-16c, and 500 bales and 500 bags for yellow, mixed, yellow mixed and white mixed, and 58@62½ ₱ bushel for to prime white.

SUGAR—We mention in our last weekly report that the market closed with light receipts and a moderate supply, at 4¾@5c ₱ lb net for fair to fully fair. During the week opened with a limited demand and prices on Saturday and Monday were unchanged; but on Tuesday the demand was more active, at either prices for fair to fully fair, and on Wednesday for better qualities of clarified and centrifugal, with transactions at 4¾@5¾c for fair to fully fair, and 5¾@5¾c for prime. It is glazed.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE—The stock of kentucky Bagging on the 1st instant was stated at 8,500 rolls. The market is very dull, with a slow retail business doing at 19@20c ₱ yard for hand loom and the best power loom. Bale rope continues dull at 7@7½c for hand made, and 6c ₱ lb for machine. The stock on hand on the 1st inst. was estimated at 3,200 coils hand made, and 9,000 machine.

BAGGING—The sales during the past week have been light, and the supply in first hands is very small. About 800 bbls new mess have been sold at $16, and 190 old, full weight, at $17 ₱ bbl. Prime mess is quoted $15@$15 50. Western hams are dull at 11@12c ₱ lb. Sides are held at 9½@10c, and shoulders at 7½@8c. Western lard is quiet and steady at 11@11½c ₱ lb for kegs and bbls.

BACON—The market has been extremely dull during the past week, and the business done is of a slow retail character, at prices too trifling for quotations. Week's receipts 140 sacks; exports 372.

LARD—The market has been dull during the past week, and the business done has been limited. There have been some transactions in kegs, particulars were not pressed. The last sales reported were 100@10½c ₱ for prime, in kegs, and 10¾c ₱ lb in tierces.

OATS—The supply and the demand have been fair, and prices show a material improvement. Sound sacks at the Levee and Lower Levee have been sold at 40@41 and 42c ₱ bushel.

BRAN—Both the receipts and the demand have been more moderate. The sales amount to about 5,000 sacks at 85@87½ and 90c ₱ 100 lbs.

WHEAT—The receipts recently have been liberal, and the demand has been limited. There have been no sales during the past week. The last transactions were at $1 20 ₱ bushel.

HAY—The receipts